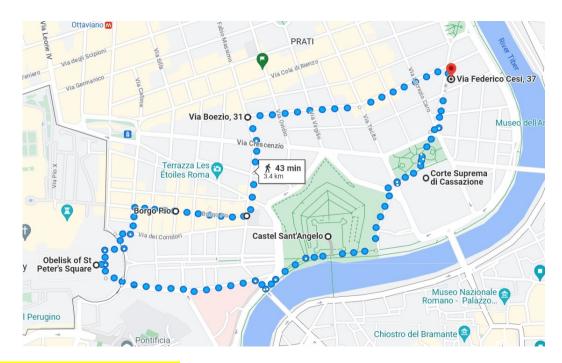
Walking Route 1



Start from the Hotel Le Méridien Visconti Roma

1 stop 290 m (4 min) Piazza Cavour and Supreme Court of Italy

Piazza Cavour is dedicated to the outstanding statesman, one of the founders of the united Italy, Count Camillo Benso di Cavour. The square and adjacent buildings are an example of urban planning of the late 19th century.





500 m (6 min)

Castel Sant'Angelo and Ponte Sant'Angelo

Castel Sant'Angelo is a Roman architectural monument, also known as the Mausoleum of Hadrian, sometimes called the Sorrowful Castle, which is a tall cylindrical building in the Adriano Park on the banks of the Tiber. In the XIV century, the fortress became a castle, large-scale reconstructions were carried out outside and inside. The castle perfectly reflected the essence of Renaissance papism - the luxurious papal apartments were

adjacent to the prison, where Giordano Bruno, the famous Italian scientist, philosopher and occultist, spent six years in prison.

Currently, Sant'Angelo is an architectural monument - the Military History Museum, one of the most visited in Italy.



3 stop

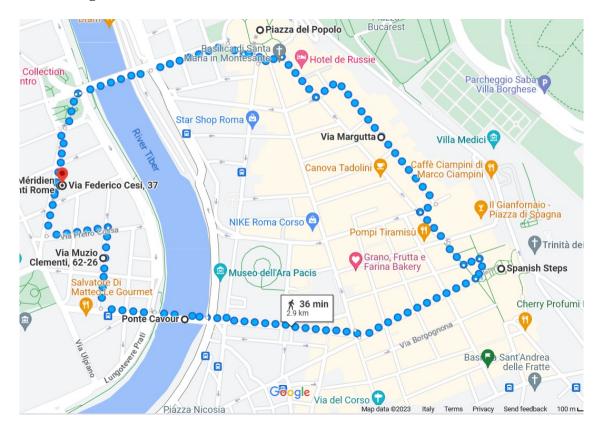
750 m (9 min)

Piazza San Pietro, Basilica di San Pietro

Catholic Cathedral, the central and largest building of the Vatican, the largest historical Christian church in the world. One of the four great papal basilicas in Rome and the ceremonial center of the Roman Catholic Church.



Walking Route 2



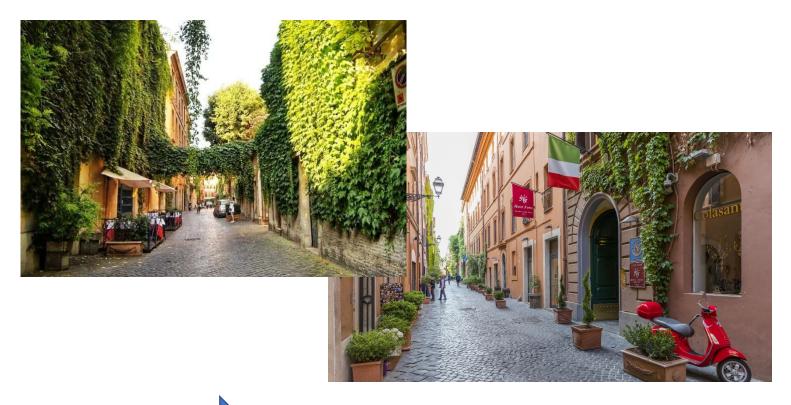
Start from the Hotel Le Méridien Visconti Roma

1 stop 750 m (10 min) Piazza del Popolo

Piazza del Popolo is one of the most famous and most beautiful squares in Rome. It is a large elliptical space designed by architect Valadier, with several interesting churches, an impressive obelisk, three fountains and the old and impressive city gate into Rome: Porta del Popolo



Via Margutta is a short street with a long history, three blocks going back 2,000 years. Now it's an oasis of quiet set between the Piazza del Popolo and the teeming Piazza di Spagna. Most notably recognized as the center of where Audrey Hepburn and Gregory Peck lived and shot the award-winning film 'Roman Holiday'



3 stop 800 m (10 min)

Piazza di Spagna (Spanish Steps and Fontana della Barcaccia)

The Piazza di Spagna (English: Square of Spain) is one of Rome's most renowned squares. The name comes from the Palazzo di Spagna, the seat of the Spanish Embassy for the Vatican located on this square since the seventeenth century..

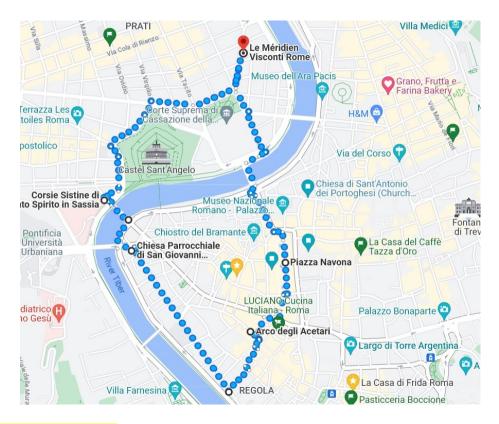
The Spanish Steps (Scalinata di Trinità dei Monti in Italian) were built at the beginning of the eighteenth century connecting Piazza di Spagna and the Church of Trinità dei Monti. It is one of the most famous parts of Rome.

The Fontana della Barcaccia (Fountain of the ugly boat) was designed by Pietro Bernini, father of the famous Gian Lorenzo Bernini, who later helped with the creation. It was finished in 1627 and placed by Pope Urban III in the centre of Piazza di Spagna. The Fontana della Barcaccia is shaped as a boat and has the emblems of the Barberini family (the Noble family of Pope Urban III), bees and a sun engraved.





Walking Route 3



Start from the Hotel Le Méridien Visconti Roma



Piazza Navona is famous for several art masterpieces by well-known artists such as Bernini and Borromini, which make it one of the most important Baroque squares in the world.



2 stop

Take via del Pellegrino and at number 19, on the left, you will see an arch. Take it and you will find yourself in a small square characterized by cobblestones that seems to have come out of the Middle Ages. The buildings all around have warm colors, from yellow, to ochre, to intense pink, to orange. Wooden doors, stairs, clothes hanging out to dry, vines and some trees create an unusual corner to absolutely photograph!



350 m (5 min)

Walking down the street Via Giulia

Indigenous Romans consider this street the most beautiful in the city. And some even recognize her as the most beautiful in the world. Conceived by the will of Pope Julius at the beginning of the 16th century, it received the appropriate name - Via Giulia (). It was designed by the famous architect Donato Bramante, during the pauses between the construction of St. Peter's Basilica. This picturesque street stretches along the Tiber River, and is famous for its arches and the walls of buildings covered with ivy and flowers all year round. And there are

stunningly beautiful street fountains.



Then we will return back to the hotel passing by Basilica di San Giovanni Battista dei Fiorentini and the bridge Vittorio Emanuele II.